

# White Sturgeon in the Columbia River Basin

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## Conservation

Beamesderfer, R. C., and R. A. Farr. 1997. Alternatives for the protection and restoration of sturgeons and their habitat. *Environmental Biology of Fishes* 48:407–417.  
<https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1007310916515>

Reviews the life history and habitat requirements of sturgeons, alternatives for their protection and restoration in North America, and a typical protection and enhancement program in the Columbia River.

Beamesderfer, R., A. Squier, and D. Evenson. 2011. White sturgeon strategic planning workshop for the lower Columbia and lower Snake River impoundments: workshop proceedings. <https://catalog.cbfwl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=41300>

Reports on a workshop organized to foster discussion and coordination among governmental, Tribal, and other organizations in support of regional sturgeon management and mitigation efforts.

Beamesderfer, R., A. Squier, and D. Evenson. 2012. Columbia River basin white sturgeon planning & passage workshop: proceedings. <https://catalog.cbfiwl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=41301>

Reports on a workshop organized to foster discussion and coordination among governmental, Tribal, and other organizations in support of regional sturgeon management and mitigation efforts.

Belbin, S., and D. L. VanderZwaag. 2016. White sturgeon in jeopardy: gauging the law and policy currents. *Journal of International Wildlife Law & Policy* 19(1):62–99. <https://doi.org/10.1080/13880292.2016.1131520>

Provides an overview of current policy related to white sturgeon conservation.

Brannon, E., S. Brewer, and C. Melby. 1984. Columbia River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) enhancement. Final Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project No. 83-316. [https://docs.cbfiwl.org/StreamNet\\_References/BPAsn29595.pdf](https://docs.cbfiwl.org/StreamNet_References/BPAsn29595.pdf)

Reports on studies to examine and define the early life history characteristics of Columbia River white sturgeon as a base from which enhancement measures could be developed.

Crossman, J. A., J. Korman, J. G. McLellan, A. L. Miller, and M. D. Howell. 2025. High densities of hatchery-origin white sturgeon suppress somatic growth rates of an endangered wild population. *Ecological Applications* 35(4):e70042. <https://doi.org/10.1002/eap.70042>

Analyzes a long-term dataset to describe growth rates of endangered white sturgeon in the transboundary section of the upper Columbia River over a 32-year period where conservation aquaculture was initiated in year 12 to prevent extirpation.

DeVore, J. D., and B. W. James. 1999. Lower Columbia River white sturgeon current stock status and management implications. Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. Olympia, Washington. <https://wdfw.wa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/00936/wdfw00936.pdf>

Reports on stock status and gives management recommendations for white sturgeon in the lower Columbia River.

Duke, S., P. Anders, G. Ennis, R. Hallock, J. Hammond, S. Ireland, J. Laufle, R. Lauzier, L. Lockhard, B. Marotz, V. L. Paragamian, and R. Westerhof. 1999. Recovery plan for Kootenai River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*). *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 15:157-163. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1439-0426.1999.tb00226.x>

Describes the process of preparing a Kootenai River white sturgeon draft recovery plan by the US Fish and Wildlife Service in cooperation with other agencies in the US and Canada.

Farr, R. A., and T. A. Jones. 2014. Status and biology of Columbia River white sturgeon (aka what we know about Columbia River white sturgeon and how we know it). Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife. [https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet\\_References/ORsn53594.pdf](https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet_References/ORsn53594.pdf)

Summarizes research done by ODFW from 1989-2014 to determine the status and habitat requirements of white sturgeon in the Columbia River.

Fickeisen, D. H., D. A. Meitzel, and D. D. Dauble. 1984. White sturgeon research needs: workshop results. Report to Bonneville Power Administration. [https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet\\_References/BPAsn29452.pdf](https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet_References/BPAsn29452.pdf)

Describes the results of a workshop conducted to facilitate efforts by BPA's Division of Fish and Wildlife to develop a research program for Columbia River basin white sturgeon.

Hildebrand, L. R., A. Drauch Schreier, K. Lepla, S. O. McAdam, J. McLellan, M. J. Parsley, V. L. Paragamian, and S. P. Young. 2016. Status of white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus* Richardson, 1863) throughout the species range, threats to survival, and prognosis for the future. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 32:261-312. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jai.13243>

Provides a review of current knowledge on white sturgeon life history, ecology, physiology, behavior, genetics, and the status of white sturgeon in each drainage of their range.

Hildebrand, L., C. McLeod, and S. McKenzie. 1999. Status and management of white sturgeon in the Columbia River in British Columbia, Canada: an overview. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 15:164-172. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1439-0426.1999.tb00227.x>

Discusses the history of dam development on the Columbia River and implications to white sturgeon from a historical perspective.

Idaho Department of Fish and Game. 2008. Management plan for the conservation of Snake River white sturgeon in Idaho. Idaho Department of Fish and Game, Boise. [https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet\\_References/ORsn53592.pdf](https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet_References/ORsn53592.pdf)

Provides policy direction to staff to ensure the long-term persistence of the species within in its historical range.

Irvine, R. L., D. C. Schmidt, and L. R. Hildebrand. 2007. Population status of white sturgeon in the Lower Columbia River within Canada. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 136(6):1472–1479. <https://doi.org/10.1577/T06-190.1>

Determines the status and population attributes of white sturgeon between Hugh L. Keenleyside Dam and the U.S.-Canada border.

Jager, H. I., M. J. Parsley, J. J. Cech, R. L. McLaughlin, P. S. Forsythe, R. F. Elliott, and B. M. Pracheil. 2016. Reconnecting fragmented sturgeon populations in North American Rivers. *Fisheries* 41(3):140–148. <https://doi.org/10.1080/03632415.2015.1132705>

Outlines an adaptive approach to implementing dam passage that begins with temporary programs and structures and monitors success both at the scale of individual fish at individual dams and the scale of metapopulations in a river basin.

Johnson, P., J. Crossman, A. Miller, B. Nichols, J. McLellan, M. Howell, and A. Schreier. 2025. Conservation aquaculture of wild-origin offspring preserves genetic diversity in an endangered population of white sturgeon. *Conservation Genetics* 26:335–346. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10592-024-01670-2>

Evaluates the performance of a conservation agriculture program in capturing the wild population’s genetic diversity.

Justice, C., B. J. Pyper, R. C. P. Beamesderfer, V. L. Paragamian, P. J. Rust, M. D. Neufeld, and S. C. Ireland. 2009. Evidence of density- and size-dependent mortality in hatchery-reared juvenile white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in the Kootenai River. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 66(5):802–815. <https://doi.org/10.1139/F09-034>

Evaluates effects of stocking level and size-at-release on survival rates of hatchery-reared juvenile white sturgeon in the Kootenai River using Cormack–Jolly–Seber and related models implemented in Program MARK.

Kappenman, K. M., and B. L. Parker. 2007. Ghost nets in the Columbia River: methods for locating and removing derelict gill nets in a large river and an assessment of impact

to white sturgeon. North American Journal of Fisheries Management 27(3):804–809.  
<https://doi.org/10.1577/M06-052.1>

Investigates the effect of lost nets in the Columbia River on white sturgeon.

Kootenai Tribe of Idaho. 2006. Kootenai River white sturgeon conservation aquaculture program, 1990-2005. Kootenai Tribe of Idaho, Bonners Ferry, Idaho.  
<https://www.cbfish.org/Document.mvc/Viewer/P107863>

Provides an overview of the first 15 years of the Kootenai River White Sturgeon Conservation Aquaculture Program.

Nelson, T. C., W. J. Gazey, K. K. English, and M. L. Rosenau. 2013. Status of white sturgeon in the Lower Fraser River, British Columbia. Fisheries 38(5):197–209.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/03632415.2013.777664>

Utilizes a model to provide annual population estimates by size/age group and location, based on tag release and recapture data.

Nez Perce Tribe. 1997-2002. Evaluate potential means of rebuilding sturgeon populations in the Snake River between Lower Granite and Hells Canyon Dams. Annual Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 9700900, Portland, Oregon.  
<https://catalog.cbfwl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=40638>

Identifies means to restore and rebuild the Snake River white population to support a sustainable annual subsistence harvest.

Nez Perce Tribe. 2005. White sturgeon management plan in the Snake River between Lower Granite and Hells Canyon dams. Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 1997-00-900, Portland, Oregon. <https://doi.org/10.2172/890589>

Describes the goals, objectives, strategies, actions, and expected evaluative timeframes for restoring the white sturgeon population in the Hells Canyon reach of the Snake River.

Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife. 1993-1999. Effects of mitigative measures on productivity of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia River downstream from McNary Dam, and status and habitat requirements of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia and Snake Rivers upstream from McNary Dam. Annual Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 86-50, Portland, Oregon.  
<https://catalog.cbfwl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=39785>

Annual report determining the effects of mitigative measures on productivity of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia River downstream from McNary Dam, and on determining the status and habitat requirements of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia and Snake rivers upstream from McNary Dam.

Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife. 1999-2023. White sturgeon mitigation and restoration in the Columbia and Snake rivers upstream from Bonneville Dam. Annual Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 86-50, Portland, Oregon. <https://catalog.cbfiwl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=40376>

Annual report determining the effects of mitigative measures on productivity of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia River downstream from McNary Dam, and on determining the status and habitat requirements of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia and Snake rivers upstream from McNary Dam.

Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife Ocean Salmon and Columbia River Program. 2011. Lower Columbia River and Oregon Coast white sturgeon conservation plan. Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, Clackamas. [https://docs.cbfiwl.org/StreamNet\\_References/ORsn53591.pdf](https://docs.cbfiwl.org/StreamNet_References/ORsn53591.pdf)

Provides a framework to manage and conserve white sturgeon to ensure a viable and productive population while providing sustainable harvest opportunities and other societal benefits.

Paragamian, V. 2012. Kootenai River white sturgeon: synthesis of two decades of research. *Endangered Species Research* 17(2):157–167. <https://doi.org/10.3354/esr00407>

Discusses recovery work to conserve and protect the Kootenai River white sturgeon.

Paragamian, V. L., R. C. P. Beamesderfer, and S. C. Ireland. 2005. Status, population dynamics, and future prospects of the endangered Kootenai River white sturgeon population with and without hatchery intervention. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 134(2):518-532. <https://doi.org/10.1577/T03-011.1>

Synthesizes sampling data from 1977 through 2001, including extensive mark-recapture data, to provide a comprehensive and current picture of the status, population dynamics, and future prospects of Kootenai River white sturgeon.

Paragamian, V. L. and M. J. Hansen. 2008. Evaluation of recovery goals for endangered white sturgeon in the Kootenai River, Idaho. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 28(2):463-470. <https://doi.org/10.1577/M06-183.1>

Evaluates recovery goals for endangered white sturgeon in the Kootenai River, Idaho.

Rien, T. A., and J. A. North. 2002. White sturgeon transplants within the Columbia River. Pages 223-236 *in* van Winkle, W. editor. Biology, management and protection of North American sturgeon. American Fisheries Society, Symposium 28, Bethesda, Maryland. <https://fisheries.org/doi/9781888569360-ch18/>

Evaluates capture and transplantation of white sturgeon from Bonneville Dam to The Dalles Reservoir as a method to supplement natural recruitment.

## Contaminants

Balistreri, L.S. 2024. Using multiple metal mixture models to predict toxicity of riverine sediment porewater to the benthic life stage of juvenile white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*). Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry 43(1):62-73. <https://doi.org/10.1002/etc.5752>

Predicts the toxicity of porewater to young sturgeon using five metal mixture dose-response models and evaluates the models as tools for risk assessments.

Balistreri, L. S., C. A. Mebane, S. E. Cox, H. J. Puglis, R. D. Calfee, and N. Wang. 2018. Potential toxicity of dissolved metal mixtures (Cd, Cu, Pb, Zn) to early life stage white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in the Upper Columbia River, Washington, United States. Environmental Science & Technology 52(17):9793-9800. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.est.8b02261>

Evaluates whether there is a link between the toxicity of dissolved metals across the sediment-water interface in the upper Columbia River and the survival of early life stage white sturgeon.

Bosley, C. E., and G. F. Gately, 1981. Polychlorinated biphenyls and chlorinated pesticides in Columbia River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*). U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Nordland, Washington. <https://catalog.cbfwl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=13737>

Investigates whether polychlorinated biphenyls and chlorinated pesticides are present in concentrations high enough to affect white sturgeon reproduction.

Dauble, D. D. and T. M. Poston. 1994. Radionuclide concentrations in white sturgeons from the Hanford Reach of the Columbia River. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 123(4):565-573. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659\(1994\)123<0565:RCIWSF>2.3.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659(1994)123<0565:RCIWSF>2.3.CO;2)

Summarizes radionuclide concentrations in white sturgeons from the Columbia River during a period when several plutonium-production reactors were operating at the Hanford Site in Washington State and compares these values to those measured several years after reactor shutdown.

Feist, G. W., M. A.H. Webb, D. T. Gundersen, E. P. Foster, C. B. Schreck, A. G. Maule, and M. S. Fitzpatrick. 2005. Evidence of detrimental effects of environmental contaminants on growth and reproductive physiology of white sturgeon in impounded areas of the Columbia River. *Environmental Health Perspectives* 113(12):1675-1682. <https://doi.org/10.1289/ehp.8072>

Investigates whether wild white sturgeon from the Columbia River exhibit signs of reproductive endocrine disruption due to endocrine-disrupting chemicals.

Foster, E., M. Fitzpatrick, G. Feist, C. B. Schreck and J. Yates. 2001. Gonad organochlorine concentrations and plasma steroid levels in white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) from the Columbia River, USA. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology* 67:239–245. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s001280116>

Examines if sturgeon from an impounded section of the Columbia River had higher levels of bioaccumulative pollutants than sturgeon from the estuary and if these compounds were associated with decreased plasma steroid levels.

Foster, E., M. Fitzpatrick, G. Feist, C. B. Schreck, J. Yates, J. M. Spitsbergen, and J. R. Heidel. 2001. Plasma androgen correlation, EROD induction, reduced condition factor, and the occurrence of organochlorine pollutants in reproductively immature white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) from the Columbia River, USA. *Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology* 41:182–191. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s002440010236>

Analyzes white sturgeon plasma, liver, and gonad samples to determine a correlation between pollutants and health.

Gundersen, D. T., M. A. Webb, A. K. Fink, L. R. Kushner, G. W. Feist, M. S. Fitzpatrick, E. P. Foster, and C. B. Schreck. 2008. Using blood plasma for monitoring organochlorine contaminants in juvenile white sturgeon, *Acipenser transmontanus*, from the lower

Columbia River. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology* 81(3):225–229. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00128-008-9417-6>

Measures organochlorine pesticide concentrations in blood plasma samples from 88 juvenile white sturgeon collected from the lower Columbia River.

Little, E. E., R. D. Calfee, and G. Linder. 2012. Toxicity of copper to early-life stage Kootenai River white sturgeon, Columbia River white sturgeon, and rainbow trout. *Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology* 63(3):400–408. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00244-012-9782-3>

Analyzes the toxicity of copper on two populations of white sturgeon and rainbow trout.

Little, E.E., Calfee, R.D. and Linder, G. 2014, Toxicity of smelter slag-contaminated sediments from Upper Lake Roosevelt and associated metals to early life stage White Sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus* Richardson, 1836). *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 30:1497-1507. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jai.12565>

Evaluates the toxicity of five smelter slag-contaminated sediments from the upper Columbia River and metals associated with those slags in 96-h exposures of white sturgeon at 8 and 30 days post-hatch.

Payne, S. E., D. R. Wise, J. W., Davis, and E. B. Nilsen. 2022. Assessment of persistent chemicals of concern in white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in the Hanford Reach of the Columbia River, southeastern Washington, 2009. U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2022–5020. <https://doi.org/10.3133/sir20225020>

Analyzes white sturgeon tissues for the concentrations of individual chemicals as well as the total concentrations of four chemical classes: (1) organochlorine pesticides, (2) industrial or personal care products, (3) polybrominated diphenyl ether congeners, and (4) polychlorinated biphenyl congeners.

Puglis, H. J. 2018. The effects of metal contamination on larval white sturgeon in the upper Columbia River. Master's Thesis. University of Missouri-Columbia. <https://mospace.umsystem.edu/xmlui/handle/10355/83921>

Examines the potential role of metal contamination in the decline of white sturgeon in the upper Columbia River.

Puglis, H. J., A. M. Farag, C. A. and Mebane. 2020. Copper concentrations in the Upper Columbia River as a limiting factor in white sturgeon recruitment and recovery. *Integrated Environmental Assessment and Management* 16(3):378-391. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ieam.4240>

Reviews of life history, physiology, and behavior of white sturgeon, along with data from recent toxicological studies, to determine if trace metals, especially Cu, affect survival and behavior of early life stage fish.

Tompsett, A. R., D. W. Vardy, E. Higley, J. A. Doering, M. Allan, K. Liber, J. P. Giesy, and M. Hecker. 2014. Effects of Columbia River water on early life-stages of white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*). *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety* 101:23–30. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2013.12.004>

Measures concentrations of metals in upper Columbia River water to assess potential impacts on juvenile white sturgeon.

Vardy, D. W., R. Santore, A. Ryan, J. P. Giesy, and M. Hecker. 2014. Acute toxicity of copper, lead, cadmium, and zinc to early life stages of white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in laboratory and Columbia River water. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research* 21:8176–8187. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-014-2754-6>

Reports on results from acute toxicity tests for copper, cadmium, zinc, and lead from parallel studies that were conducted in laboratory water and in the field with Columbia River water.

Webb, M. A. H., G. W. Feist, M. S. Fitzpatrick, E. P. Foster, C. B. Schreck, M. Plumlee, C. Wong, and D. T. Gundersen. 2006. Mercury concentrations in gonad, liver, and muscle of white sturgeon *Acipenser transmontanus* in the Lower Columbia River. *Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology* 50:443–451. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00244-004-0159-0>

Determines the partitioning of total mercury in liver, gonad, and cheek muscle of white sturgeon in the lower Columbia River.

## Distribution and Movement

Bajkov, A. D. 1951. Migration of white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in the Columbia River. *Fish Commission Research Briefs* 3(2):8-21. [https://ir.library.oregonstate.edu/concern/technical\\_reports/vt150j866](https://ir.library.oregonstate.edu/concern/technical_reports/vt150j866)

Describes a tagging project to track the movements of white sturgeon in the Columbia River.

Brannon, E., A. Setter, J. Altick, and M. Miller. 1988. Columbia River white sturgeon genetics and early life history: population segregation and juvenile feeding behavior. Final Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 83-316, Portland, Oregon. <https://www.cbfish.org/Document.mvc/Viewer/18952-3>

Studies the feeding behavior of juvenile sturgeon, including the chemostimulant components in prey attractive to sturgeon and the sensory systems utilized by foraging sturgeon.

Chapman, C. G., and T. A. Jones. 2010. First documented spawning of white sturgeon in the lower Willamette River, Oregon. Northwest Science 84(4):327-335. <https://doi.org/10.3955/046.084.0402>

Provides the first documentation of white sturgeon spawning in the Willamette River.

Coon, J. C., R. R. Ringe, and T.C. Bjornn. 1977. Abundance, growth, distribution, and movements of white sturgeon in the Mid-Snake River. Report to Office of Water Research and Technology, United States Department of the Interior, Project B-026-IDA, Washington, D. C. <https://www.lib.uidaho.edu/digital/iwdl/items/iwdl-197708.html>

Assesses the abundance, growth, distribution, and movements of white sturgeon in the Snake River between Lower Granite and Hells Canyon dams.

Counihan, T. D., A. I. Miller, and M. J. Parsley. 1999. Indexing the relative abundance of age-0 white sturgeons in an impoundment of the lower Columbia River from highly skewed trawling data. North American Journal of Fisheries Management 19(2):520-529. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675\(1999\)019<0520:ITRAOA>2.0.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675(1999)019<0520:ITRAOA>2.0.CO;2)

Investigates if age-0 CPUE distributions from bottom trawl surveys violate assumptions of statistical procedures based on normal probability theory.

Crossman, J.A., G. Martel, P. N. Johnson, and K. Bray. 2011. The use of Dual-frequency IDentification SONar (DIDSON) to document white sturgeon activity in the Columbia River, Canada. Journal of Applied Ichthyology, 27:53-57. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1439-0426.2011.01832.x>

Tests the feasibility of using DIDSON for monitoring white sturgeon presence and activity near a known spawning area in the Columbia River, British Columbia.

DeVore, J., C. Tracy, and B. James. 1990. White sturgeon abundance and exploitation in the Columbia River downstream from Bonneville Dam. Columbia River Laboratory Progress Report 9X-XX, Richland, Washington.  
<https://docs.cbfwl.org/Washington/DFW/CRProgRept-9X-XX.pdf>

Summarizes progress in estimating abundance and exploitation of the lower Columbia white sturgeon population for the years 1985-1990.

Haynes, J. M. 1978. Movement and habitat studies of chinook salmon and white sturgeon. Report to U.S. Department of Energy, Contract EY-76-C-06-1830.  
<https://doi.org/10.2172/6632297>

Examines sturgeon movement patterns in relation to season, direction, and distance of travel in the river, and possible home range affinities in the mid-Columbia River.

Haynes, J. M., R. H. Gray, J. C. Montgomery. 1978. Seasonal movements of white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in the Mid-Columbia River. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 107(2): 275-280. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659\(1978\)107%3C275:SMOWSA%3E2.0.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659(1978)107%3C275:SMOWSA%3E2.0.CO;2)

Studies seasonal movements of 29 white sturgeon in the mid-Columbia River.

Jager, H. I. 2006. Chutes and ladders and other games we play with rivers. I. Simulated effects of upstream passage on white sturgeon. Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 63(1):165-175. <https://doi.org/10.1139/f05-226>

Utilizes a population viability model to quantify the effects of upstream passage at dams on white sturgeon metapopulations inhabiting a series of long (source) and short (sink) river segments.

Jetter, C. N. 2022. Movement ecology of white sturgeon in the regulated upper Columbia River. Master's Thesis. University of Northern British Columbia, Prince George.  
<https://doi.org/10.24124/2022/59296>

Analyzes white sturgeon movement datasets from a regulated and transboundary reach of the upper Columbia River.

Jetter, C. N., J. A. Crossman, J. G. McLellan, A. L. Miller, M. A. H. Webb, and E. G. Martins. 2025. Implications of space use for recovery of White Sturgeon *Acipenser*

*transmontanus* in a transboundary reach of the Upper Columbia River. Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 82:1–17. <https://doi.org/10.1139/cjfas-2024-0134>

Describes how core and home ranges of sturgeon varied by environmental (country, season) and biological (age, sex, size) factors and determined residence at important habitats.

Kruse-Malle, G. O. 1993. White sturgeon evaluations in the Snake River. Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration, Project F-73 -R-1, Job Performance Report, Boise, Idaho. <https://idahodocs.contentdm.oclc.org/digital/collection/p16293coll7/id/237850/>

Estimates numbers of white sturgeon residing between Swan Falls Dam and Brownlee Dam on the Snake River and from C.J. Strike Reservoir to Swan Falls Dam.

Kruse-Malle, G. O, and V. K. Moore. 1995. Snake River white sturgeon evaluations. Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration, Project F-73 -R-16, Boise, Idaho. <http://idahodocs.contentdm.oclc.org/digital/collection/p16293coll7/id/235556/>

Estimates population, age, and size frequency distributions of white sturgeon in the Snake River between C.J. Strike Dam and Brownlee Dam.

Neufeld, M. D., and P. J. Rust. 2009. Using passive sonic telemetry methods to evaluate dispersal and subsequent movements of hatchery-reared white sturgeon in the Kootenay River. Journal of Applied Ichthyology 25:27-33. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1439-0426.2009.01336.x>

Evaluates dispersal and subsequent movement of juvenile white sturgeon fitted with sonic tags and released as part of larger hatchery release groups at five sites.

North, J. A., R. C. Beamesderfer, and T. A. Rien. 1993. Distribution and movements of white sturgeon in three lower Columbia River reservoirs. Northwest Science 67(2):105-111. <https://hdl.handle.net/2376/1575>

Determines the distribution and movement of white sturgeon in Bonneville, The Dalles, and John Day reservoirs on the Columbia River from April through August, 1987-1991.

Paragamian, V. L., and J. P. Duehr. 2005. Variations in vertical location of Kootenai River white sturgeon during the prespawn and spawning periods. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 134(1):261-266. <https://doi.org/10.1577/FT04-071.1>

Determines the general water column habitat use of Kootenai River white sturgeon during the prespawn and spawning periods and the degree of their benthic existence.

Paragamian, V. L., and G. Kruse. 2001. Kootenai River white sturgeon spawning migration behavior and a predictive model. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 21(1): 10-21. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675\(2001\)021%3C0010:KRWSSM%3E2.0.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675(2001)021%3C0010:KRWSSM%3E2.0.CO;2)

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Paragamian, V. L. and P. Rust. 2014. Validation of a methodology to determine female white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus* Richardson, 1836) habitat use within a riverscape during the spawning season. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 30:1342-1355. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jai.12571>

Utilizes hydrologic and bathymetric models for the riverscape of the Kootenai River, Idaho and integrates these data with radio telemetry locations of two female white sturgeon during the spawning season.

Parsley, M. J., and K. M. Kappenman. 2000. White sturgeon spawning areas in the lower Snake River. *Northwest Science* 74(3):192-201. <https://hdl.handle.net/2376/1057>

Documents 17 sturgeon spawning locations in the Snake River from the mouth to Lower Granite Dam.

Parsley, M. J., N. D. Popoff, C. D. Wright, and B. K. van der Leeuw. 2008. Seasonal and diel movements of white sturgeon in the lower Columbia River. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 137(4):1007–1017. <https://doi.org/10.1577/T07-027.1>

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Parsley, M. J., C. D. Wright, B. K. van der Leeuw, E. E. Kofoot, C. A. Peery, and M. L. Moser. 2007. White Sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) passage at The Dalles Dam, Columbia River, USA. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 23(6):627–635. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1439-0426.2007.00869.x>

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Schreier, A. D., B. Mahardja, and B. May. 2013. Patterns of population structure vary across the range of the white sturgeon. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 142(5):1273–1286. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00028487.2013.788554>

Reports results from an analysis of white sturgeon population structure within and among drainages using 13 polysomic microsatellite loci.

Sullivan, A. B., H. I. Jager, and R. Myers. 2003. Modeling white sturgeon movement in a reservoir: the effect of water quality and sturgeon density. *Ecological Modelling* 167(1-2):97-114. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0304-3800\(03\)00169-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0304-3800(03)00169-8)

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Welch, D. W., S. Turo, and S. D. Batten. 2006. Large-scale marine and freshwater movements of white sturgeon. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 135(2):386–389. <https://doi.org/10.1577/T05-197.1>

Reports telemetry data on the marine and freshwater movements of a white sturgeon over a 19 month period.

## Genetics

Brannon, E., S. Brewer, A. Setter, M. Miller, F. Utter, and W. Hershberger. 1985. Columbia River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) early life history and genetics study. Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 83-316. [https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet\\_References/BPAsn29690.pdf](https://docs.cbfwl.org/StreamNet_References/BPAsn29690.pdf)

Investigates spawning and incubation, larvae and fry distribution behavior, fry feeding responses, and stock identification of Columbia River white sturgeon.

Brannon, E., A. Setter, H. Miller, S. Brewer, G. Winans, F. Utter, L. Carperter, and W. Hershberger. 1987. Columbia River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) population genetics and early life history study. Final Report to Bonneville Power

Administration, Project 83-316, Portland, Oregon.

<https://www.cbfish.org/Document.mvc/Viewer/18952-2>

Assesses genetic variability of sturgeon populations isolated in various areas of the Columbia River and examines environmental factors in the habitat that may affect early life history success.

Brown, J. R., A. T. Beckenbach, and M. J. Smith. 1992. Influence of Pleistocene glaciations and human intervention upon mitochondrial DNA diversity in white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) populations. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 49(2): 358-367. <https://doi.org/10.1139/f92-041>

Studies the influence of recent genetic bottlenecks on two Northwest Pacific (Columbia and Fraser Rivers) populations of white sturgeon using restriction enzyme site differences in mitochondrial DNA.

Columbia River Inter-Tribal Fish Commission. 2010-2018. Genetic monitoring of white sturgeon genetic structure and productivity in the Columbia River Basin. Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 2008-504-00, Portland, Oregon. <https://catalog.cbfwl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=45084>

Characterizes the genetic population structure of white sturgeon among four impoundments in the middle Columbia River Basin: Bonneville, The Dalles, John Day, and McNary reservoirs.

Crossman, J., A.-M. Flores, A. Messmer, R. Nelson, S. McAdam, P. Johnson, P. Reece, and B. Koop. 2024. Development of eDNA protocols for detection of endangered white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in the wild. *Environmental DNA* 6(5):e70006. <https://doi.org/10.1002/edn3.70006>

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Crossman, J. A., J. Korman, J. G. McLellan, M. D. Howell, and A. L. Miller. 2023. Competition overwhelms environment and genetic effects on growth rates of endangered White Sturgeon from a conservation aquaculture program. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 80(6):958–977. <https://doi.org/10.1139/cjfas-2022-0113>

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Delomas, T. A., S. C. Willis, B. L. Parker, D. Miller, P. Anders, A. Schreier, and S. Narum. 2021. Genotyping single nucleotide polymorphisms and inferring ploidy by amplicon sequencing for polyploid, ploidy-variable organisms. *Molecular Ecology Resources* 21(7):2288–2298. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1755-0998.13431>

Demonstrates a strategy for developing an amplicon sequencing panel of single nucleotide polymorphisms for high-throughput genotyping of polyploid organisms using white sturgeon.

Drauch Schreier, A., and B. May. 2011. Genetic monitoring of the upper Columbia River White Sturgeon conservation aquaculture program. Report to Spokane Tribe of Indians, Wellpinit, Washington. <https://www.cbfish.org/Document.mvc/Viewer/P124145>

Describes genetic monitoring of the Transboundary Reach conservation aquaculture program for white sturgeon.

Jager, H. I. 2005. Genetic and demographic implications of aquaculture in white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) conservation. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 62(8):1733–1745. <https://doi.org/10.1139/f05-106>

Employs a genetic individual-based model of white sturgeon populations in a river to examine the genetic and demographic trade-offs associated with operating a conservation hatchery.

Jay, K., J. A. Crossman, and K. T. Scribner. 2014. Estimates of effective number of breeding adults and reproductive success for white sturgeon. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 143(5):1204–1216. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00028487.2014.931301>

Demonstrates that genetic techniques can be used to characterize important features of white sturgeon reproductive ecology in large rivers where census data are extremely difficult to obtain.

Johnson, P. 2024. Conservation and ecological genetics of white sturgeon in the Upper Columbia River. Doctoral Dissertation. University of California, Davis. <https://www.proquest.com/openview/204a86faab05790dc353bc28365d8dce/1?cbI=18750&diss=y&pq-origsite=gscholar>

Reviews and evaluates practices aimed at genetic diversity conservation in white sturgeon in the upper Columbia River.

Schreier, A., S. Stephenson, P. Rust, and S. Young. 2015. The case of the endangered Kootenai River White Sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) highlights the importance of post-release genetic monitoring in captive and supportive breeding programs. *Biological Conservation* 192:74–81. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biocon.2015.09.011>

Explores whether genetic monitoring of broodstock used in supportive breeding overestimates genetic diversity conservation in most year classes due to differential post-release mortality among families.

Setter, A., and E. Brannon, 1992. A summary of stock identification research on white sturgeon of the Columbia River (1985-1990). Final Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 89-44, Portland, Oregon. <https://www.cbfish.org/Document.mvc/Viewer/97298-1>

Determines what level of genetic differentiation exists among white sturgeon in the Columbia River system, using starch gel electrophoresis to enable a baseline of population genetic structure data to be assembled.

Thorstensen, M., P. Bates, K. Lepla, and A. Schreier. 2019. To breed or not to breed? Maintaining genetic diversity in white sturgeon supplementation programs. *Conservation Genetics* 20:997-1007. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10592-019-01190-4>

Compares genetic consequences of repatriation, or collection of wild-born juveniles for captive rearing and release, and broodstock-based breeding, where wild adults are bred in captivity, in a conservation program for white sturgeon.

Willis, S. C., B. Parker, A. D. Schreier, R. Beamesderfer, D. Miller, S. Young, and S. R. Narum. 2022. Population structure of white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) in the Columbia River inferred from single-nucleotide polymorphisms. *Diversity* 14(12):1045. <https://doi.org/10.3390/d14121045>

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Counihan T. D., and C. G. Chapman. 2018. Relating river discharge and water temperature to the recruitment of age-0 White Sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus* Richardson, 1836) in the Columbia River using over-dispersed catch data. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 34:279–289. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jai.13570>

Examines if river discharge and water temperature during various early life history stages are predictors of age-0 white sturgeon recruitment.

Crossman, J. A., and L. R. Hildebrand. 2014. Evaluation of spawning substrate enhancement for white sturgeon in a regulated river: Effects on larval retention and dispersal. *River Research and Applications* 30(1):1-10. <https://doi.org/10.1002/rra.2620>

Studies the larval retention and dispersal of white sturgeon in the only known spawning site used by white sturgeon in the mid-Columbia River after substrate modification.

Dudunake, T. J., M. K. Kenworthy, T. Smith, S. Stephenson, and R. S. Hardy. 2025. Influence of local river hydraulics on Kootenai River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*) habitat selection during four spawning years, 2017–2020. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*. 82:1-16. <https://doi.org/10.1139/cjfas-2024-0244>

Investigates the physical habitat preferences exhibited by white sturgeon in an intensely monitored section of the Kootenai River during four spawning years and what habitat is selected by staging white sturgeon.

Hatten, J. R., and M. J. Parsley. 2009. A spatial model of white sturgeon rearing habitat in the lower Columbia River, USA. *Ecological Modelling* 220(24):3638-3646. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolmodel.2009.03.006>

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Hatten, J. R., M. J. Parsley, G. J. Barton, T. R. Batt, and R. L. Fosness. 2018. Substrate and flow characteristics associated with white sturgeon recruitment in the Columbia River Basin. *Heliyon* 4(5):e00629. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.heliyon.2018.e00629>

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McAdam, D. S. 2015. Retrospective weight-of-evidence analysis identifies substrate change as the apparent cause of recruitment failure in the upper Columbia River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus*). *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 72: 1208–1220. <https://doi.org/10.1139/cjfas-2014-0423>

Evaluates the potential cause of white sturgeon recruitment failure in the upper Columbia River by testing 12 recruitment-failure hypotheses based on nine criteria.

McDonald, R., J. Nelson, V. Paragamian, and G. Barton. 2010. Modeling the effect of flow and sediment transport on white sturgeon spawning habitat in the Kootenai River, Idaho. *Journal of Hydraulic Engineering* 136(12):1077–1092. [https://doi.org/10.1061/\(ASCE\)HY.1943-7900.0000283](https://doi.org/10.1061/(ASCE)HY.1943-7900.0000283)

Uses a quasi-three-dimensional flow and sediment-transport model along with the locations of collected sturgeon eggs as a proxy for spawning location to gain insight into spawning-habitat selection in a reach that is currently unsuitable due to the lack of coarse substrate.

Miller, A., and M. J. Parsley. 1992. Habitat used by spawning and rearing white sturgeon in the lower Columbia. *Northwest Science* 66(2):139.

Investigates habitat use by spawning and rearing white sturgeon in the Columbia River downstream from McNary Dam and quantifying the available habitat.

Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, Washington Department of Fisheries, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and National Marine Fisheries Service. 1986-1992. Status and habitat requirements of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia River downstream from McNary Dam. Annual Report to Bonneville Power Administration, Project 86-50, Portland, Oregon. <https://catalog.cbowl.org/cgi-bin/koha/opac-detail.pl?biblionumber=39797>

Annual report to determine the status and habitat requirements of white sturgeon populations in the Columbia River downstream from McNary Dam.

Paragamian, V. L., G. Kruse, and V. Wakkinen. 2001. Spawning habitat of Kootenai River white sturgeon, post-Libby Dam. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 21(1):22-33. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675\(2001\)021<0022:SHOKRW>2.0.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675(2001)021<0022:SHOKRW>2.0.CO;2)

Identifies the actual and potential spawning habitats of Kootenai River white sturgeon.

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<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1439-0426.2009.01364.x>

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Paragamian, V. L., and V. D. Wakkinen. 2011. White sturgeon spawning and discharge augmentation. *Fisheries Management and Ecology* 18(4):314–321.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2400.2011.00785.x>

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Parsley, M. J., and L. G. Beckman. 1994. White sturgeon spawning and rearing habitat in the lower Columbia River. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 14(4): 812-827. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675\(1994\)014%3C0812:WSSARH%3E2.3.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8675(1994)014%3C0812:WSSARH%3E2.3.CO;2)

Provides estimates of spawning habitat for white sturgeons in the tailraces of the four dams on the lower 470 km of the Columbia River.

Parsley, M. J., L. G. Beckman, and G. T. McCabe. 1993. Spawning and rearing habitat use by white sturgeons in the Columbia River downstream from McNary Dam. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 122(2): 217–227.  
[https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659\(1993\)122%3C0217:SARHUB%3E2.3.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659(1993)122%3C0217:SARHUB%3E2.3.CO;2)

Describes spawning and rearing habitats used by white sturgeons in the lower Columbia River.

van der Leeuw, B. K., M. J. Parsley, C. D. Wright, and E. E. Kofoot. 2006. Validation of a critical assumption of the riparian habitat hypothesis for white sturgeon. U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5225.  
<https://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2006/5225/pdf/sir20065225.pdf>

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Young, W. T., and D. L. Scarnecchia. 2005. Habitat use of juvenile white sturgeon in the Kootenai River, Idaho and British Columbia. *Hydrobiologia* 537:265–271.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10750-004-1639-y>

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## Physiology and Age

Bates, P., J. Chandler, K. Lepla, and K. Steinhorst. 2014. Using mark-recapture data in an individual-based model to evaluate length-at-age differences between two Snake River white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus* Richardson, 1836) populations in Idaho, USA. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology* 30:1319-1327.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/jai.12557>

Utilizes an individual based model using empirical mark-recapture metrics to understand differences in stock structures of two white sturgeon populations.

Burner, L. C., and T. A. Rien. 2002. Incidence of white sturgeon deformities in two reaches of the Columbia River. *California Fish and Game* 88(2):57-67.

Samples two functionally isolated populations of white sturgeon to measure the occurrence of physical deformities.

Ghere, C. L., R. S. Hardy, S. M. Wilson, and M. C. Quist. 2024. Evaluation of techniques for estimating the age and growth of known-age white sturgeon. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 44(4):880–889.  
<https://doi.org/10.1002/nafm.11021>

Examines reader accuracy in age estimates, evaluates back-calculation methods, and assesses differences between growth estimates from lateral and posterior measurement transects on white sturgeon fin rays.

Hess, S. S. 1984. Age and growth of white sturgeon in the lower Columbia River, 1980-83. Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife.  
<https://docs.cbfwl.org/Oregon/DFW/AgeGrowthWhiteSturgeon-1980-83.pdf>

Estimates growth rate of the lower Columbia River white sturgeon population using fin ray analysis.

Jay, K. J., J. A. Crossman, and K. T. Scribner. 2020. Temperature affects transition timing and phenotype between key developmental stages in white sturgeon *Acipenser transmontanus* yolk-sac larvae. *Environmental Biology of Fishes* 103:1149–1162. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10641-020-01007-1>

Describes experiments conducted to quantify temperature-induced developmental responses of white sturgeon yolk-sac larvae reared at temperatures encountered across the species' range.

Kynard, B., E. Parker, and B. Kynard. 2010. Ontogenetic behavior of Kootenai River White Sturgeon, *Acipenser transmontanus*, with a note on body color: A laboratory study. *Environmental Biology of Fishes* 88:65–77. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10641-010-9618-9>

Investigates the ontogenetic behavior and body color of wild Kootenai River white sturgeon.

Maskill, P. A. 2020. Description of the reproductive structure, size, growth, and condition of hatchery-origin white sturgeon in the lower Columbia River, British Columbia, Canada. Master's Thesis. Montana State University, Bozeman. <https://scholarworks.montana.edu/server/api/core/bitstreams/5f09e02d-7f99-405e-bf89-63751ad48927/content>

Assesses the maturity of hatchery-origin white sturgeon in the lower British Columbia portion of the Columbia River and their contributions to spawning and condition factors.

McLean, M. F., M. K. Litvak, S. J. Cooke, K. C. Hanson, D. A. Patterson, S. G. Hinch, and G. T. Crossin. 2019. Immediate physiological and behavioural response from catch-and-release of wild white sturgeon (*Acipenser transmontanus* Richardson, 1836). *Fisheries Research* 214:65–75. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fishres.2019.02.002>

Assesses the effects of catch-and-release angling on wild white sturgeon stress physiology and immediate post-release behavior.

Paragamian, V. L., and R. C. P. Beamesderfer. 2003. Growth estimates from tagged white sturgeon suggest that ages from fin rays underestimate true age in the Kootenai River, USA and Canada. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 132(5):895-903. <https://doi.org/10.1577/T02-120>

Utilizes tagging data for 760 recaptured Kootenai River white that had been at large for as long as 23 years to examine the validity of ages assigned from pectoral fin rays.

Mojazi Amiri, B., D. W. Baker, J. D. Morgan, and C. J. Brauner. 2009. Size dependent early salinity tolerance in two sizes of juvenile white sturgeon, *Acipenser transmontanus*. *Aquaculture* 286(1–2):121–126. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2008.08.037>

Investigates the influence of size on salinity tolerance in 1 year old juvenile white sturgeon.

Rien, T. A., and R. C. Beamesderfer. 1994. Accuracy and precision of white sturgeon age estimates from pectoral fin rays. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 123(2):255-265. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659\(1994\)123<0255:AAPOWS>2.3.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659(1994)123<0255:AAPOWS>2.3.CO;2)

Uses readings and recaptures of marked fish to estimate precision and accuracy of age estimates from cross sections of pectoral fin rays of white sturgeons collected in impoundments of the Columbia River.

van Poorten, B. T., and S. O. McAdam. 2010. Estimating differences in growth and metabolism in two spatially segregated groups of Columbia River white sturgeon using a field-based bioenergetics model. *The Open Fish Science Journal* 3: 132-141. <http://dx.doi.org/10.2174/1874401X01003010132>

Applies a bioenergetics modelling approach that estimates basic parameters from field data, specifically length-increment and length-at-age data for white sturgeon to assess growth and metabolism.

Webb, M. A. H., G. W. Feist, E. P. Foster, C. B. Schreck, and M. S. Fitzpatrick. 2002. Potential classification of sex and stage of gonadal maturity of wild white sturgeon using blood plasma indicators. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 131(1):132-142. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659\(2002\)131<0132:PCOSAS>2.0.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659(2002)131<0132:PCOSAS>2.0.CO;2)

Develops a method of determining sex and stage of maturity of white sturgeon from the Columbia River using the blood plasma indicators testosterone, 11-ketotestosterone, estradiol, and calcium.

## Other

Beamesderfer, R. C., T. A. Rien, and A. A. Nigro. 1995. Differences in the dynamics and potential production of impounded and unimpounded white sturgeon populations in the lower Columbia River. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 124(6): 857-872. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659\(1995\)124%3C0857:DITDAP%3E2.3.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659(1995)124%3C0857:DITDAP%3E2.3.CO;2)

Describes population dynamics, the ability of lower Columbia River white sturgeon stocks to sustain harvest, and differences among reservoir and unimpounded populations.

Becker, C. D. 1970. Marine trematode *Tubulovesicula lindbergi* (Digenea: Hemiuridae) from resident white sturgeon in the Columbia River. *Journal of the Fisheries Research Board of Canada* 27(7):1313-1316. <https://doi.org/10.1139/f70-152>

Explores the potential origins of *Tubulovesicula lindbergi* infection in white sturgeon in the mid-Columbia River.

Bellgraph, B. J., W. A. Perkins, M. C. Richmond, J. A. Serkowski, S. F. Harding, and R. A. Harnish. 2016. Lake Roosevelt white sturgeon modeling support. Pacific Northwest National Laboratory-26056. Richland, Washington. <https://doi.org/10.2172/1494303>

Describes the construction, validation, and calibration of a hydrodynamic and water temperature model, and individual-based sturgeon model, for the Transboundary Reach of the Columbia River and Lake Roosevelt.

Brown, R. S., K. V. Cook, B. D. Pflugrath, L. L. Rozeboom, R. C. Johnson, J. G. McLellan, T. J. Linley, Y. Gao, L. J. Baumgartner, F. E. Dowell, E. A. Miller, and T. A. White. 2013. Vulnerability of larval and juvenile white sturgeon to barotrauma: can they handle the pressure? *Conservation Physiology* 1(1):cot019. <https://doi.org/10.1093/conphys/cot019>

Describes techniques to determine which life stages of fish are vulnerable to barotrauma from expansion of internal gases during decompression.

Cohen, A. Sturgeon poaching and black market caviar: a case study. 1997. *Environmental Biology of Fishes* 48:423–426. <https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1007388803332>

Documents a United States Federal prosecution of members of a poaching ring that sold caviar derived from illegally taken Columbia River white sturgeon.

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Measures the critical swimming speed of juvenile white sturgeon equipped with externally attached dummy ultrasonic transmitters versus untagged control fish.

Counihan, T. D., A. I. Miller, M. G. Mesa, M. J. Parsley. 1997. The effects of dissolved gas supersaturation on white sturgeon larvae. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 127: 316-322. [https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659\(1998\)127%3C0316:TEODGS%3E2.0.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1577/1548-8659(1998)127%3C0316:TEODGS%3E2.0.CO;2)

Assesses the effects of dissolved gas supersaturation on white sturgeon larvae.

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